



POKOLBIN FLORA RESERVE NO. 59

SITE SPECIFIC WORKING PLAN

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This site-specific working describes the important values of an individual flora reserve and identifies site-specific priorities for management. The plan is to be read in conjunction with the Flora Reserve Plan: Background and General Management document, which identifies Forestry Corporation's broad objectives and strategies for managing flora reserves. These two documents together form the flora reserve working plan in line with the requirements of section 25 of the *Forestry Act 2012*.

1. DETAILS OF THE RESERVE

1.1 LOCATION

Pokolbin Flora Reserve is located about 16 kilometres by road northwest of Cessnock. It lies in the northeast section of Pokolbin State Forest and extends from the Broken Back Range generally northeast to the State Forest boundary. The reserve boundary follows distinct ridge lines to the State Forest boundary and encompasses the whole of two drainage systems until they leave the State Forest. See Locality Map in Appendix 1.

1.2 KEY ATTRIBUTES OF THE RESERVE

Under the *Forestry Act 2012*, flora reserves are set apart for the preservation of native flora.

The reserve possesses the following identified attributes that are to be protected:

- » the only known example of Pokolbin Mallee (*Eucalyptus pumila*) on Crown Land
- » examples of *Eucalyptus fracta* – a threatened species
- » examples of other species at or near their limit of distribution
- » representative examples of forest ecosystems in the area.

1.3 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Area

Pokolbin Flora Reserve comprises an area of approximately 98 hectares.

Topography

The reserve contains rugged rock formations and cliffs, sloping steeply towards the northeast from Broken Back Range to the State Forest boundary and is drained by part of the headwaters of Rothbury Creek, a tributary of Black Creek and thence of the Hunter River. Altitude ranges from 103m at the State Forest boundary to 535m on the Broken Back Range. Refer to Appendix 2 for topographic map.

Geology and Soils

Skeletal soils of low nutrient status have developed from the rugged rock formations of Triassic Narrabeen sandstone.

Climate

The reserve is estimated to have a temperate range of a mean maximum of 29.7°C in January to a mean minimum of 1.9°C in July and a mean annual rainfall of about 700mm. Winds are generally light and variable except during the period July to September when strong northwest winds prevail.

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Vegetation / flora and fauna

The vegetation of the reserve has several unusually interesting features.

Most of the reserve supports a dry sclerophyll forest which contains representative species from both the sandstone areas of the Central Coast and more inland locations. The coastal element is characterised by Grey Gum (*Eucalyptus punctata*), White Mahogany (*E. acmenioides*), Spotted Gum (*E. maculata*), and Yellow Bloodwood (*E. eximia*) nears its northernmost limits. The inland element is represented by Broadleaved Ironbark (*E. fibrosa* ssp. *fibrosa*), Drooping Sheoak (*Casuarina sticta*), and Black Cypress Pine (*Calitris endlicheri*) at about its closest approach to the coast. Appendix 2 Map shows the various forest types and their locations within the reserve.

The major feature of the reserve is the occurrence of Pokolbin Mallee (*E. pumila*) which occurs as stands of pure mallee up to 5 metres high (about 6 hectares) and as an understorey to the surrounding dry sclerophyll forest. Together with a slightly larger contiguous area on the adjoining freehold, this represents the only known occurrence of this dwarf eucalypt. The stands occur on steep slopes with a generally northwesterly aspect and with very shallow soils. The total known area of Pokolbin Mallee, on the reserve and adjoining freehold property, is about 20 hectares, because of the nature of the land, the freehold stands would seem to be under little risk of destruction.

Pokolbin Mallee is a threatened species which has a very limited distribution with a population of less than 1000 plants in secure reserves. Pokolbin Mallee is of considerable botanical interest as a species showing evolutionary lines with two separate, and not particularly closely related, groups of eucalypts, the Grey Gum (subseries *Punctatinae*) and the Red Gums (series *Tereticornes*).

A small population of the threatened species *Eucalyptus fracta* occurs in the south-western part of the reserve on shallow soils along the high ridge lines on the edge of the escarpment. Also included in the dry sclerophyll forest stands are examples of Scaly Bark (*E. squamosa*). This small and rather misshaped tree is at its northern most distribution, usually confined to the sandstone areas around Sydney.

Appendices 3 and 4 outline a list of flora and fauna species known to occur within the reserve.

1.4 HISTORY

Aboriginal History and Cultural Values

Pokolbin Flora Reserve is situated close to the boundary of the traditional lands of the Wonnarua and Darkinung people. There are a number of Aboriginal cultural heritage sites located within or within the surrounding area. The area is part of a cultural landscape, used for everyday and ceremonial activities including seasonal food and resource gathering and also as a travel route from the mountains to the coast. Tangible aspects of these activities are evident as walking tracks and scar trees, the remains of camp sites with stone tools (isolated stone artefact and artefact scatters) as well as sacred features and places created at the beginning of time.

Post European Settlement

Harvesting and grazing

The reserve is located in very steep and rugged terrain and until the construction of Broken Back Road in 1978/79, access was very difficult and there was little activity in the area. The low site quality of the forest made it unattractive for timber production and at best it was used for rough grazing.

Fire

Fire has been part of the Australian landscape for at least the last 60,000 years and most forests have experienced fire multiple times over many centuries. Like many of the forest areas in the Cessnock area, wildfires have been fairly frequent. This may have assisted in maintaining some of the unique plant species. In 1994, approximately 33% of the reserve was burnt at a low intensity and the reserve was partially burnt during 2002.

Establishment of Flora Reserve

The area was gazetted as Flora Reserve No. 80019 on 29th June 1984. In a general renumbering of Flora Reserves in the Government Gazette of 24th July 1987, the reserve became Pokolbin Flora Reserve No. 59. The Geographic Names Board has also approved the use of Pokolbin Flora Reserve.

1.5 CURRENT USAGE

The reserve has been used by botanist investigating the interesting vegetation, but it receives limited use by other members of the public. No recreational facilities are provided at the reserve and there is no intention to develop any facilities.

2. SYSTEM OF MANAGEMENT

2.1 OBJECTIVES OF MANAGEMENT

Under the *Forestry Act 2012*, flora reserves are set apart for the preservation of native flora. The objectives of Pokolbin Flora Reserve are to:

- » protect the only known occurrence of Pokolbin Mallee (*Eucalyptus pumila*) on land under control of the Crown
- » protect representative examples of other rare species including *Eucalyptus fracta* and Scaly Bark (*E. squamosa*) and a number of species at the limits of their naturally occurring distribution
- » protect representative examples of forest ecosystems in the area
- » maintain reference stands and provide for limited scientific study consistent with the protection of the area, including the development of an understanding of successional growth processes after disturbance and as a reference for assessing the effects of alternative land use in surrounding areas
- » protect Aboriginal cultural heritage sites and cultural values.

2.2 MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES

The broad management strategies and related actions to preserve native flora and improve the value and extent of habitat in State Forest flora reserves are detailed in the Flora Reserve Management Plan: Background and General Management document, which is to be read in conjunction with this plan. Specific additional management strategies applied in this flora reserve may include:

- » Property maintenance, through:
 - establishment and maintenance of appropriate fences, gates and signs
 - removal of unnecessary fencing
 - maintenance of roads and trails
 - restricting visitor use to walking trails for educational activities.
- » Conservation and improvement of habitat, through:
 - maintenance of native vegetation, which may include manipulation by mechanical means for habitat improvement
 - regeneration of any cleared or degraded land, through plantings and natural recruitment
 - weed control

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- removal of rubbish
 - management of human disturbance, including harvesting and other forest product operations
 - retention of dead timber and other habitat resources
 - management of fire, including prescribed or hazard reduction burning.
- » Pest animal control.

Cultural Values

Explore opportunities for Aboriginal community involvement in managing the flora reserve.

Weeds

The vegetation within the flora reserve is in very healthy state with no obvious weeds present. As far as reasonably practicable, exotic species will be controlled, as detailed in section 2.4.

Trail maintenance

Maintenance of roads and trails is important to enable access to the forest for forest management, firefighting, tourism and recreation. Poorly maintained roads can also transport significant levels of sediment, increasing the turbidity of water within creeks. This consequently reduces habitat quality and aquatic biodiversity and can take significant periods of time to recover.

Permitted activities

Under the Forest Management Zoning (FMZ) system, Pokolbin Flora Reserve N. 59 is a dedicated reserve zoned FMZ 1 and therefore contributes to the dedicated reserve system in the Lower North East Region. Management will be consistent with the requirements of JANIS dedicated reserves.

The latest operational guide detailing information not permitted in FMZ1 is published on the Forestry Corporation website.

The following activities may be permitted subject to standard conditions approved by the delegated Manager and consistent with the management objectives for the reserve, relevant codes of practice, forest practices / operational circulars, protocols, licenses and management / recovery plans:

- » scientific studies (e.g., fauna surveys including trapping)
- » maintenance of existing roads and fire trails
- » maintenance of existing recreation facilities and upgrading where necessary to keep pace with demand while protecting the attributes of the reserve
- » limited tree and or limb removal for safety, viewing or construction of facilities in areas used for recreation
- » pest animal and weed control
- » general access for activities such as bush walking, photography and nature study
- » beekeeping (existing set-down sites may be used)
- » Aboriginal use of forest products consistent with the maintenance of the conservation attributes to be protected in the reserve
- » fire management will be undertaken in a manner consistent with maintaining the health of forest ecosystems.

The following activities may only be permitted with special conditions:

- » Construction of new roads. Construction will only be permitted in exceptional instances and consistent with the following principles:

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- no practical alternative is available
- the attributes of the reserve will not be significantly affected by the road or fire trail
- opportunity is provided for public comment on the proposal, obtained through advertising in the local newspaper
- Ministerial approval is given for the proposal.

Mining

The reserve was exempted from the provisions of the *Mining Act 1992* by notice in the Government Gazette of 30th August 1985, excluding any land lying below the surface of land at a greater depth than 20 metres.

2.3 MANAGEMENT RESPONSIBILITY

The reserve will be administered by Forestry Corporation of NSW's Hardwood Forests Division, with the authority for decision making delegated to the Senior Manager Forest Stewardship or equivalent level manager.

2.4 MONITORING, REPORTING AND REVIEW

The region will monitor changes to the key attributes of the reserve and will review the effectiveness of the management strategies designed to protect those attributes and to achieve the management objectives.

The results of this monitoring, review and management response will be included in annual reporting processes.

The provisions of this working plan will be amended, if necessary, in light of the results of the monitoring program and / or legislative change and with the approval of the Minister administering the *Forestry Act 2012*.

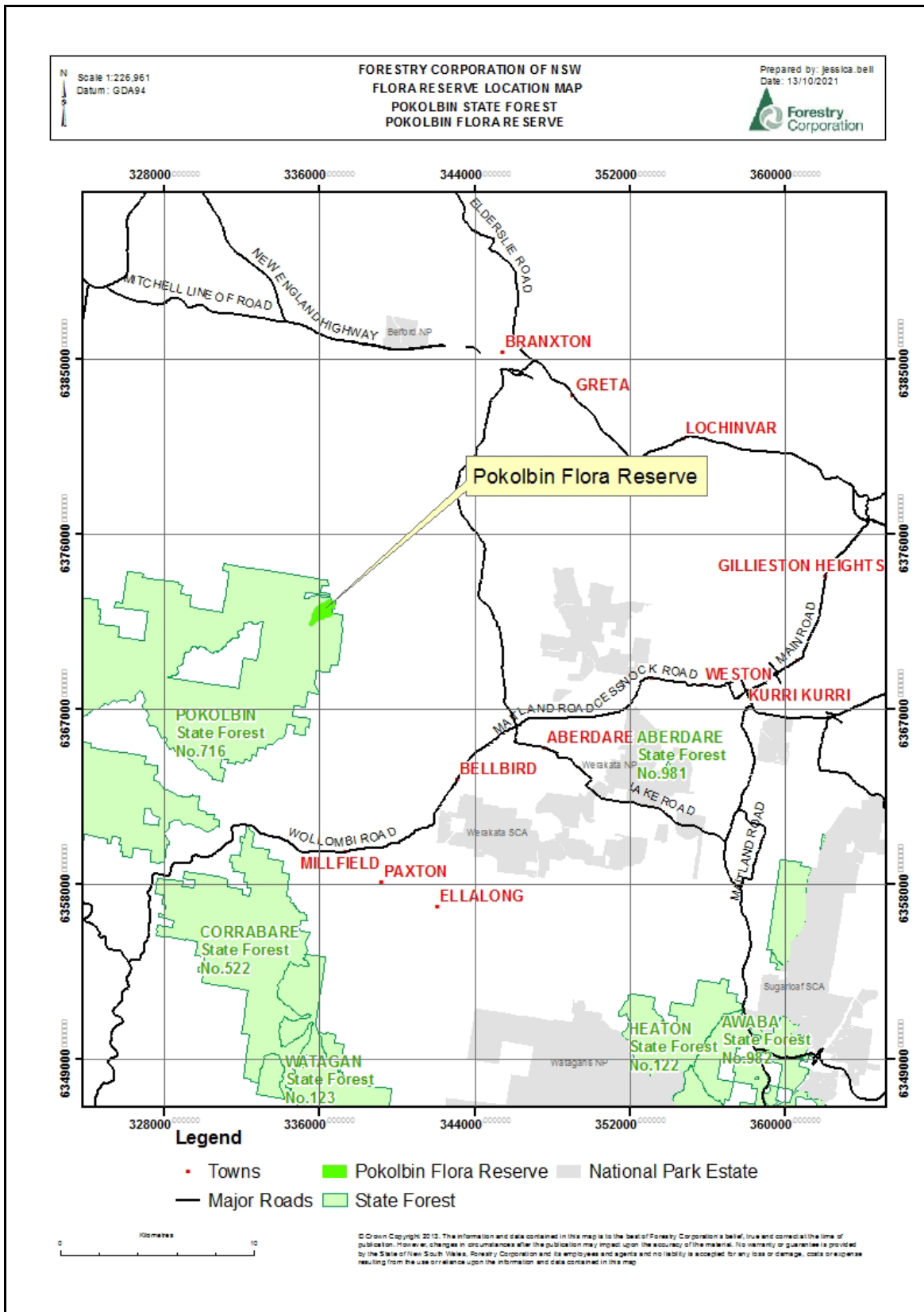
3. LIST OF APPENDICES

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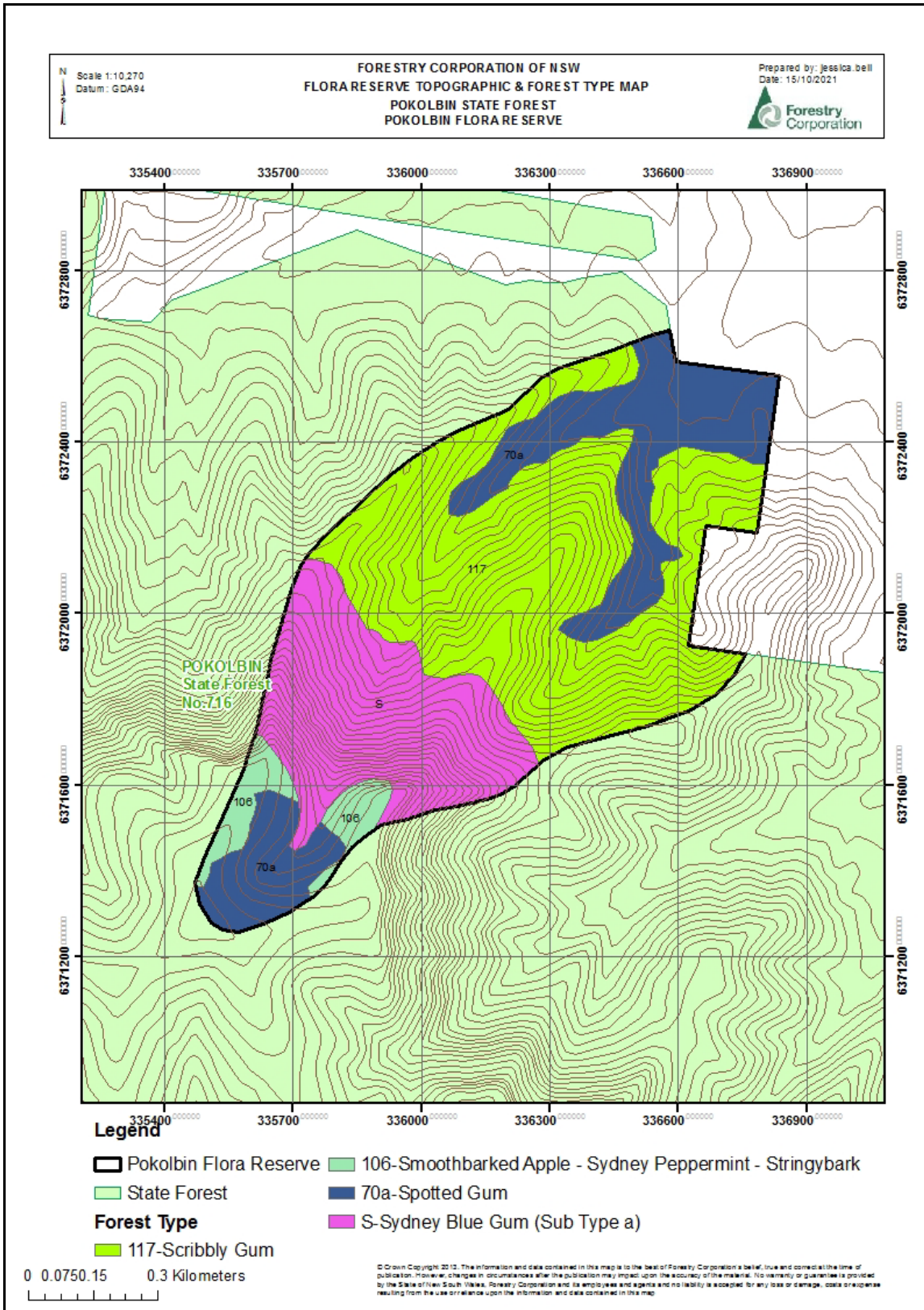
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APPENDIX 1 – LOCALITY MAP



APPENDIX 2 – TOPOGRAPHIC & FOREST TYPE MAP



APPENDIX 3 – FLORA SPECIES LIST

Flora found within 5000m of Flora Reserve, desktop search undertaken October 2021

Scientific name
<i>Abutilon oxycarpum</i>
<i>Acacia amblygona</i>
<i>Acacia elongata</i>
<i>Acacia falcata</i>
<i>Acacia fimbriata</i>
<i>Acacia gunnii</i>
<i>Acacia implexa</i>
<i>Acacia irrorata</i>
<i>Acacia linifolia</i>
<i>Acacia longifolia</i>
<i>Acacia longifolia subsp. longifolia</i>
<i>Acacia maidenii</i>
<i>Acacia parvipinnula</i>
<i>Acacia prominens</i>
<i>Acacia ulicifolia</i>
<i>Acalypha nemorum</i>
<i>Acianthus fornicatus</i>
<i>Acianthus spp.</i>
<i>Acmena smithii</i>
<i>Acronychia oblongifolia</i>
<i>Acrotriche divaricata</i>
<i>Actinotus helianthi</i>
<i>Adiantum aethiopicum</i>
<i>Adiantum formosum</i>
<i>Adiantum hispidulum</i>
<i>Aira spp.</i>
<i>Ajuga australis</i>
<i>Alectryon subcinereus</i>
<i>Alectryon tomentosus</i>
<i>Allocauarina luehmannii</i>
<i>Allocauarina torulosa</i>
<i>Alphitonia excelsa</i>
<i>Amyema congener subsp. congener</i>
<i>Amyema miquelii</i>
<i>Amyema pendula</i>
<i>Amyema spp.</i>
<i>Andropogon virginicus</i>
<i>Aneilema acuminatum</i>

Scientific name
<i>Angophora costata</i>
<i>Angophora euryphylla</i>
<i>Angophora floribunda</i>
<i>Anthosachne scabra</i>
<i>Aphanopetalum resinosum</i>
<i>Araujia sericifera</i>
<i>Aristida acuta</i>
<i>Aristida personata</i>
<i>Aristida queenslandica var. queenslandica</i>
<i>Aristida ramosa</i>
<i>Aristida spp.</i>
<i>Aristida vagans</i>
<i>Arthropodium milleflorum</i>
<i>Asclepias curassavica</i>
<i>Asparagus asparagoides</i>
<i>Astrotricha longifolia</i>
<i>Astrotricha obovata</i>
<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>
<i>Atriplex spp.</i>
<i>Austrostipa ramosissima</i>
<i>Austrostipa verticillata</i>
<i>Avena spp.</i>
<i>Axonopus fissifolius</i>
<i>Backhousia myrtifolia</i>
<i>Bertya mollissima</i>
<i>Bertya oleifolia</i>
<i>Bidens pilosa</i>
<i>Bidens subalternans</i>
<i>Billardiera scandens</i>
<i>Blechnum neohollandicum</i>
<i>Bolboschoenus fluviatilis</i>
<i>Bossiaea heterophylla</i>
<i>Bothriochloa biloba</i>
<i>Bothriochloa decipiens var. decipiens</i>
<i>Bothriochloa macra</i>

Scientific name
<i>Brachychiton populneus subsp. populneus</i>
<i>Brachyscome angustifolia</i>
<i>Brachyscome microcarpa</i>
<i>Brachyscome multifida var. multifida</i>
<i>Breynia oblongifolia</i>
<i>Briza maxima</i>
<i>Briza minor</i>
<i>Briza subaristata</i>
<i>Brunoniella australis</i>
<i>Brunoniella pumilio</i>
<i>Bursaria spinosa</i>
<i>Bursaria spinosa subsp. spinosa</i>
<i>Caesia parviflora</i>
<i>Callitris endlicheri</i>
<i>Calochilus campestris</i>
<i>Calotis cuneifolia</i>
<i>Calotis lappulacea</i>
<i>Capillipedium spp.</i>
<i>Capparis arborea</i>
<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>
<i>Carex appressa</i>
<i>Carex inversa</i>
<i>Cassinia aculeata</i>
<i>Cassinia cunninghamii</i>
<i>Cassinia quinquefaria</i>
<i>Cassinia uncata</i>
<i>Cassytha glabella f. glabella</i>
<i>Cassytha pubescens</i>
<i>Casuarina cunninghamiana subsp. cunninghamiana</i>
<i>Casuarina glauca</i>
<i>Cayratia clematidea</i>
<i>Celastrus subspicata</i>
<i>Cenchrus clandestinus</i>
<i>Centaurium erythraea</i>

Scientific name
<i>Cestichis reflexa</i>
<i>Chamaesyce drummondii</i>
<i>Chamaesyce</i> spp.
<i>Cheilanthes distans</i>
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i>
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>
<i>Chenopodium album</i>
<i>Chiloglottis reflexa</i>
<i>Chloris divaricata</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>
<i>Chloris gayana</i>
<i>Chloris truncata</i>
<i>Chloris ventricosa</i>
<i>Chloris virgata</i>
<i>Choretrum</i> sp. A
<i>Chrysocephalum apiculatum</i>
<i>Chrysocephalum semipapposum</i>
<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>
<i>Cissus antarctica</i>
<i>Cissus hypoglauca</i>
<i>Citrus x taitensis</i>
<i>Claoxylon australe</i>
<i>Cleistochloa rigida</i>
<i>Clematis glycinoides</i> var. <i>glycinoides</i>
<i>Clerodendrum tomentosum</i>
<i>Commelina cyanea</i>
<i>Commersonia fraseri</i>
<i>Convolvulus erubescens</i>
<i>Convolvulus</i> spp.
<i>Conyza bonariensis</i>
<i>Conyza</i> spp.
<i>Conyza sumatrensis</i>
<i>Correa reflexa</i>
<i>Correa reflexa</i> var. <i>reflexa</i>
<i>Corybas fimbriatus</i>
<i>Corymbia eximia</i>
<i>Corymbia maculata</i>
<i>Cotula australis</i>
<i>Crassocephalum crepidioides</i>

Scientific name
<i>Crassula sieberiana</i>
<i>Croton insularis</i>
<i>Croton verreauxii</i>
<i>Cryptocarya microneura</i>
<i>Cryptostylis subulata</i>
<i>Cyclosorus dentatus</i>
<i>Cyclosporum leptophyllum</i>
<i>Cymbidium canaliculatum</i>
<i>Cymbopogon refractus</i>
<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>
<i>Cynoglossum australe</i>
<i>Cynoglossum</i> spp.
<i>Cyperus aggregatus</i>
<i>Cyperus brevifolius</i>
<i>Cyperus eragrostis</i>
<i>Cyperus fulvus</i>
<i>Cyperus gracilis</i>
<i>Cyperus laevis</i>
<i>Cyperus</i> spp.
<i>Daphnandra apatela</i>
<i>Datura stramonium</i>
<i>Daviesia acicularis</i>
<i>Daviesia genistifolia</i>
<i>Daviesia squarrosa</i>
<i>Daviesia ulicifolia</i>
<i>Daviesia ulicifolia</i> subsp. <i>ulicifolia</i>
<i>Dendrophthoe vitellina</i>
<i>Denhamia silvestris</i>
<i>Desmodium gunnii</i>
<i>Desmodium rhytidophyllum</i>
<i>Desmodium varians</i>
<i>Dianella caerulea</i>
<i>Dianella caerulea</i> var. <i>caerulea</i>
<i>Dianella caerulea</i> var. <i>cinerascens</i>
<i>Dianella caerulea</i> var. <i>producta</i>
<i>Dianella longifolia</i>
<i>Dianella longifolia</i> var. <i>longifolia</i>
<i>Dianella prunina</i>

Scientific name
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>revoluta</i>
<i>Dianella</i> spp.
<i>Dichanthium sericeum</i> subsp. <i>sericeum</i>
<i>Dichelachne crinita</i>
<i>Dichelachne micrantha</i>
<i>Dichelachne rara</i>
<i>Dichondra repens</i>
<i>Digitaria diffusa</i>
<i>Digitaria divaricatissima</i>
<i>Digitaria parviflora</i>
<i>Digitaria ramularis</i>
<i>Digitaria</i> spp.
<i>Dillwynia retorta</i>
<i>Dillwynia sieberi</i>
<i>Dioscorea transversa</i>
<i>Diospyros australis</i>
<i>Dodonaea triquetra</i>
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i>
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>cuneata</i>
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>cuneata x spatulata</i>
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>spatulata</i>
<i>Drosera auriculata</i>
<i>Echinopogon caespitosus</i>
<i>Echinopogon caespitosus</i> var. <i>caespitosus</i>
<i>Echinopogon ovatus</i>
<i>Ehrharta erecta</i>
<i>Einadia hastata</i>
<i>Einadia nutans</i>
<i>Einadia nutans</i> subsp. <i>linifolia</i>
<i>Einadia trigonos</i>
<i>Einadia trigonos</i> subsp. <i>stellulata</i>
<i>Einadia trigonos</i> subsp. <i>trigonos</i>
<i>Elaeocarpus obovatus</i>
<i>Elaeodendron australe</i>

Scientific name
<i>Elaeodendron australe</i> <i>var. australe</i>
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>
<i>Enteropogon</i> spp.
<i>Entolasia marginata</i>
<i>Entolasia stricta</i>
<i>Epaltes australis</i>
<i>Eragrostis brownii</i>
<i>Eragrostis cilianensis</i>
<i>Eragrostis curvula</i>
<i>Eragrostis leptostachya</i>
<i>Eragrostis parviflora</i>
<i>Eragrostis pilosa</i>
<i>Eragrostis tenuifolia</i>
<i>Eremophila debilis</i>
<i>Eriochloa</i> <i>pseudoacrotricha</i>
<i>Eriostemon australasius</i>
<i>Erodium crinitum</i>
<i>Eucalyptus acmenoides</i>
<i>Eucalyptus aenea</i>
<i>Eucalyptus agglomerata</i>
<i>Eucalyptus calidissima</i>
<i>Eucalyptus canaliculata</i> <--> <i>punctata</i>
<i>Eucalyptus castrensis</i>
<i>Eucalyptus crebra</i>
<i>Eucalyptus eugenioides</i>
<i>Eucalyptus fergusonii</i>
<i>Eucalyptus fergusonii</i> <i>subsp. dorsiventralis</i>
<i>Eucalyptus fergusonii</i> <i>subsp. fergusonii</i>
<i>Eucalyptus fibrosa</i>
<i>Eucalyptus fracta</i>
<i>Eucalyptus glaucina</i>
<i>Eucalyptus moluccana</i>
<i>Eucalyptus nubila</i>
<i>Eucalyptus placita</i>
<i>Eucalyptus prominula</i>
<i>Eucalyptus pumila</i>
<i>Eucalyptus punctata</i>
<i>Eucalyptus racemosa</i>
<i>Eucalyptus scias</i> <i>subsp.</i> <i>scias</i>

Scientific name
<i>Eucalyptus signata</i>
<i>Eucalyptus sparsifolia</i>
<i>Eucalyptus</i> spp.
<i>Eucalyptus squamosa</i>
<i>Eucalyptus tereticornis</i>
<i>Eucalyptus umbra</i>
<i>Euchiton involucratus</i>
<i>Euchiton sphaericus</i>
<i>Euchiton</i> spp.
<i>Euphorbia pepus</i>
<i>Eupomatia laurina</i>
<i>Euroschinus falcatus</i> <i>var.</i> <i>falcatus</i>
<i>Eustrephus latifolius</i>
<i>Exocarpos cupressiformis</i>
<i>Exocarpos strictus</i>
<i>Ficus coronata</i>
<i>Ficus rubiginosa</i>
<i>Ficus rubiginosa</i> f. <i>rubiginosa</i>
<i>Fimbristylis dichotoma</i>
<i>Fimbristylis ferruginea</i>
<i>Fumaria officinalis</i>
<i>Gahnia aspera</i>
<i>Galenia pubescens</i>
<i>Galium binifolium</i>
<i>Galium gaudichaudii</i>
<i>Galium propinquum</i>
<i>Gamochaeta purpurea</i>
<i>Geijera salicifolia</i>
<i>Geitonoplesium cymosum</i>
<i>Geranium homeanum</i>
<i>Geranium solanderi</i>
<i>Geranium solanderi</i> <i>var.</i> <i>solanderi</i>
<i>Glossocardia bidens</i>
<i>Glycine clandestina</i>
<i>Glycine latifolia</i>
<i>Glycine microphylla</i>
<i>Glycine tabacina</i>
<i>Gomphocarpus fruticosus</i>
<i>Gomphocarpus</i> <i>physocarpus</i>
<i>Gompholobium</i> <i>inconspicuum</i>

Scientific name
<i>Gompholobium latifolium</i>
<i>Gompholobium</i> <i>uncinatum</i>
<i>Gonocarpus tetragynus</i>
<i>Gonocarpus teucroides</i>
<i>Goodenia hederacea</i>
<i>Goodenia hederacea</i> <i>subsp. hederacea</i>
<i>Goodenia heterophylla</i>
<i>Goodenia heterophylla</i> <i>subsp. eglandulosa</i>
<i>Goodenia heterophylla</i> <i>subsp. heterophylla</i>
<i>Goodenia ovata</i>
<i>Goodenia rotundifolia</i>
<i>Grevillea montana</i>
<i>Grevillea parviflora</i> <i>subsp. parviflora</i>
<i>Grevillea sericea</i>
<i>Hakea sericea</i>
<i>Hardenbergia violacea</i>
<i>Harmogia densifolia</i>
<i>Helichrysum</i> <i>leucopsidum</i>
<i>Hibbertia aspera</i>
<i>Hibbertia cistoidea</i>
<i>Hibbertia dentata</i>
<i>Hibbertia empetrifolia</i> <i>subsp. empetrifolia</i>
<i>Hibbertia linearis</i>
<i>Hibbertia obtusifolia</i>
<i>Hibbertia pedunculata</i>
<i>Hibbertia saligna</i>
<i>Hibbertia scandens</i>
<i>Homalanthus populifolius</i>
<i>Hovea linearis</i>
<i>Hybanthus monopetalus</i>
<i>Hydrocotyle acutiloba</i>
<i>Hydrocotyle bonariensis</i>
<i>Hydrocotyle laxiflora</i>
<i>Hydrocotyle</i> <i>sibthorpioides</i>
<i>Hymenosporum flavum</i>
<i>Hyparrhenia hirta</i>
<i>Hypericum gramineum</i>
<i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>

Scientific name
<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i>
<i>Imperata cylindrica</i>
<i>Indigofera australis</i>
<i>Isolepis cernua</i>
<i>Isolepis levynsiana</i>
<i>Jacksonia scoparia</i>
<i>Jasminum volubile</i>
<i>Juncus acutus</i> subsp. <i>acutus</i>
<i>Juncus remotiflorus</i>
<i>Juncus subsecundus</i>
<i>Juncus usitatus</i>
<i>Kennedia rubicunda</i>
<i>Lachnagrostis filiformis</i>
<i>Lagenifera stipitata</i>
<i>Lagenophora stipitata</i>
<i>Lantana camara</i>
<i>Lastreopsis decomposita</i>
<i>Laxmannia gracilis</i>
<i>Leionema lamprophyllum</i> subsp. <i>fractum</i>
<i>Leionema lamprophyllum</i> subsp. <i>obovatum</i>
<i>Lepidium africanum</i>
<i>Lepidium bonariense</i>
<i>Lepidosperma gunnii</i>
<i>Lepidosperma laterale</i>
<i>Leptospermum parvifolium</i>
<i>Leptospermum trinervium</i>
<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>
<i>Leucopogon juniperinus</i>
<i>Leucopogon lanceolatus</i>
<i>Leucopogon muticus</i>
<i>Linaria pelisseriana</i>
<i>Lindsaea microphylla</i>
<i>Linum marginale</i>
<i>Lissanthe strigosa</i>
<i>Lissanthe strigosa</i> subsp. <i>strigosa</i>
<i>Lissanthe strigosa</i> subsp. <i>subulata</i>
<i>Lobelia purpurascens</i>
<i>Lomandra confertifolia</i>
<i>Lomandra confertifolia</i>

Scientific name
<i>subsp. pallida</i>
<i>Lomandra confertifolia</i> subsp. <i>rubiginosa</i>
<i>Lomandra filiformis</i>
<i>Lomandra filiformis</i> subsp. <i>coriacea</i>
<i>Lomandra filiformis</i> subsp. <i>filiformis</i>
<i>Lomandra glauca</i>
<i>Lomandra leucocephala</i>
<i>Lomandra longifolia</i>
<i>Lomandra multiflora</i> subsp. <i>multiflora</i>
<i>Lomandra obliqua</i>
<i>Lomandra</i> spp.
<i>Lomatia silaifolia</i>
<i>Luzula densiflora</i>
<i>Lycium ferocissimum</i>
<i>Lysimachia arvensis</i>
<i>Maclura cochinchinensis</i>
<i>Macrozamia communis</i>
<i>Macrozamia reducta</i>
<i>Macrozamia spiralis</i>
<i>Maireana microphylla</i>
<i>Mallotus philippensis</i>
<i>Malva sylvestris</i>
<i>Marsdenia pleiadenia</i>
<i>Marsdenia viridiflora</i> subsp. <i>viridiflora</i>
<i>Megathyrsus maximus</i>
<i>Megathyrsus maximus</i> var. <i>maximus</i>
<i>Melaleuca decora</i>
<i>Melaleuca nodosa</i>
<i>Melaleuca sieberi</i>
<i>Melaleuca styphelioides</i>
<i>Melia azedarach</i>
<i>Melichrus procumbens</i>
<i>Melichrus urceolatus</i>
<i>Melichrus urceolatus</i> subsp. <i>group 1</i>
<i>Melicope micrococca</i>
<i>Melinis repens</i>
<i>Mentha diemenica</i>
<i>Microlaena stipoides</i>
<i>Microlaena stipoides</i> var.

Scientific name
<i>stipoides</i>
<i>Mirbelia rubiifolia</i>
<i>Modiola caroliniana</i>
<i>Monotoca scoparia</i>
<i>Muehlenbeckia gracillima</i>
<i>Muellerina eucalyptoides</i>
<i>Myoporum montanum</i>
<i>Myrsine howittiana</i>
<i>Myrsine variabilis</i>
<i>Nephrolepis cordifolia</i>
<i>Notelaea longifolia</i> f. <i>longifolia</i>
<i>Notelaea microcarpa</i>
<i>Nothoscordum borbonicum</i>
<i>Notothixos cornifolius</i>
<i>Oenothera stricta</i> subsp. <i>stricta</i>
<i>Olea europaea</i> subsp. <i>europaea</i>
<i>Olearia elliptica</i>
<i>Olearia elliptica</i> subsp. <i>elliptica</i>
<i>Olearia ramulosa</i>
<i>Olearia tomentosa</i>
<i>Opercularia aspera</i>
<i>Opercularia diphylla</i>
<i>Opercularia varia</i>
<i>Oplismenus aemulus</i>
<i>Oplismenus imbecillis</i>
<i>Opuntia stricta</i>
<i>Opuntia stricta</i> var. <i>stricta</i>
<i>Oxalis chnoodes</i>
<i>Oxalis exilis</i>
<i>Oxalis perennans</i>
<i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>
<i>Oxalis radicata</i>
<i>Oxylobium pulteneae</i>
<i>Oxytes brachypoda</i>
<i>Ozothamnus diosmifolius</i>
<i>Pandorea pandorana</i>
<i>Pandorea pandorana</i> subsp. <i>pandorana</i>
<i>Panicum decompositum</i>
<i>Panicum effusum</i>

Scientific name
<i>Panicum queenslandicum</i>
<i>Panicum simile</i>
<i>Panicum spp.</i>
<i>Parsonsia straminea</i>
<i>Paspalidium albobillosum</i>
<i>Paspalidium distans</i>
<i>Paspalidium spp.</i>
<i>Paspalum dilatatum</i>
<i>Passiflora herbertiana</i>
<i>Passiflora herbertiana</i> <i>subsp. herbertiana</i>
<i>Patersonia longifolia</i>
<i>Pavonia hastata</i>
<i>Pelargonium inodorum</i>
<i>Pellaea falcata</i>
<i>Pellaea nana</i>
<i>Pellaea paradoxa</i>
<i>Persoonia linearis</i>
<i>Phebalium squamulosum</i> <i>subsp. squamulosum</i>
<i>Phyllanthus gunnii</i>
<i>Phyllanthus hirtellus</i>
<i>Phyllanthus virgatus</i>
<i>Phytolacca octandra</i>
<i>Pimelea latifolia</i>
<i>Pimelea latifolia subsp.</i> <i>elliptifolia</i>
<i>Pimelea latifolia subsp.</i> <i>latifolia</i>
<i>Pimelea linifolia</i>
<i>Pimelea linifolia subsp.</i> <i>linifolia</i>
<i>Pittosporum multiflorum</i>
<i>Pittosporum revolutum</i>
<i>Pittosporum undulatum</i>
<i>Plantago debilis</i>
<i>Plantago gaudichaudii</i>
<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>
<i>Platysace ericoides</i>
<i>Platysace lanceolata</i>
<i>Plectranthus parviflorus</i>
<i>Poa affinis</i>
<i>Poa annua</i>
<i>Poa labillardierei</i> var. <i>labillardierei</i>

Scientific name
<i>Poa sieberiana</i>
<i>Poa spp.</i>
<i>Podolobium ilicifolium</i>
<i>Podolobium scandens</i>
<i>Polygala virgata</i>
<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>
<i>Polyscias sambucifolia</i>
<i>Polystichum australiense</i>
<i>Pomaderris</i> <i>andromedifolia subsp.</i> <i>andromedifolia</i>
<i>Pomax umbellata</i>
<i>Poranthera microphylla</i>
<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>
<i>Prostanthera cineolifera</i>
<i>Prostanthera ovalifolia</i>
<i>Pseuderanthemum</i> <i>variabile</i>
<i>Pseudognaphalium</i> <i>luteoalbum</i>
<i>Psychotria loniceroides</i>
<i>Pteridium esculentum</i>
<i>Pterostylis obtusa</i>
<i>Pterostylis revoluta</i>
<i>Pultenaea spinosa</i>
<i>Rhodamnia rubescens</i>
<i>Rubus anglocandicans</i>
<i>Rubus moluccanus</i> var. <i>trilobus</i>
<i>Rubus parvifolius</i>
<i>Rubus rosifolius</i>
<i>Rumex brownii</i>
<i>Rumex crispus</i>
<i>Rumex obtusifolius</i>
<i>Rumex spp.</i>
<i>Rutidosis heterogama</i>
<i>Rytidosperma bipartitum</i>
<i>Rytidosperma</i> <i>caespitosum</i>
<i>Rytidosperma fulvum</i>
<i>Rytidosperma longifolium</i>
<i>Rytidosperma pallidum</i>
<i>Rytidosperma pilosum</i>
<i>Rytidosperma setaceum</i>
<i>Rytidosperma spp.</i>

Scientific name
<i>Rytidosperma tenuius</i>
<i>Salvia coccinea</i>
<i>Sannantha crassa</i>
<i>Sarcopetalum</i> <i>harveyanum</i>
<i>Schinus areira</i>
<i>Schizaea bifida</i>
<i>Schoenus ericetorum</i>
<i>Scleria mackaviensis</i>
<i>Senecio bathurstianus</i>
<i>Senecio linearifolius</i>
<i>Senecio</i> <i>madagascariensis</i>
<i>Senecio prenanthoides</i>
<i>Senecio vagus subsp.</i> <i>eglandulosus</i>
<i>Senna aciphylla</i>
<i>Senna clavigera</i>
<i>Senna pendula</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>
<i>Setaria parviflora</i>
<i>Setaria pumila</i>
<i>Setaria spp.</i>
<i>Sicyos australis</i>
<i>Sida cordifolia</i>
<i>Sida corrugata</i>
<i>Sida rhombifolia</i>
<i>Sigesbeckia orientalis</i> <i>subsp. orientalis</i>
<i>Sisymbrium officinale</i>
<i>Smilax australis</i>
<i>Solanum brownii</i>
<i>Solanum chenopodioides</i>
<i>Solanum nigrum</i>
<i>Solanum prinophyllum</i>
<i>Solanum stelligerum</i>
<i>Sonchus asper</i>
<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>
<i>Sorghum leiocladum</i>
<i>Sporobolus africanus</i>
<i>Sporobolus creber</i>
<i>Sporobolus elongatus</i>
<i>Sporobolus fertilis</i>
<i>Spyridium buxifolium</i>
<i>Stackhousia muricata</i>

Scientific name
<i>Stellaria flaccida</i>
<i>Stellaria media</i>
<i>Stephania japonica</i> var. <i>discolor</i>
<i>Streblus brunonianus</i>
<i>Styphelia</i> spp.
<i>Styphelia triflora</i>
<i>Styphelia viridis</i>
<i>Swainsona galegifolia</i>
<i>Syncarpia glomulifera</i>
<i>Syncarpia glomulifera</i> subsp. <i>glomulifera</i>
<i>Tagetes minuta</i>
<i>Taraxacum officinale</i>
<i>Templetonia stenophylla</i>
<i>Themeda triandra</i>
<i>Trema tomentosa</i> var. <i>aspera</i>
<i>Tricoryne elatior</i>

Scientific name
<i>Trifolium angustifolium</i>
<i>Trifolium arvense</i>
<i>Trifolium dubium</i>
<i>Trifolium repens</i>
<i>Tylophora barbata</i>
<i>Tylophora paniculata</i>
<i>Typha orientalis</i>
<i>Urochloa panicoides</i>
<i>Urtica incisa</i>
<i>Verbascum virgatum</i>
<i>Verbena bonariensis</i>
<i>Verbena incompta</i>
<i>Verbena rigida</i> var. <i>rigida</i>
<i>Vernonia cinerea</i>
<i>Vernonia cinerea</i> var. <i>cinerea</i>
<i>Veronica plebeia</i>
<i>Viola betonicifolia</i>
<i>Viola hederacea</i>

Scientific name
<i>Viola hederacea</i> subsp. <i>perreniformis</i>
<i>Vitis</i> spp.
<i>Vittadinia cuneata</i>
<i>Vittadinia cuneata</i> var. <i>cuneata</i>
<i>Vittadinia dissecta</i> var. <i>dissecta</i>
<i>Vittadinia tenuissima</i>
<i>Wahlenbergia communis</i>
<i>Wahlenbergia gracilis</i>
<i>Wahlenbergia</i> spp.
<i>Wahlenbergia stricta</i> subsp. <i>stricta</i>
<i>Watsonia meriana</i>
<i>Xanthorrhoea johnsonii</i>

APPENDIX 4 – FAUNA SPECIES LIST

Fauna found within 5000m of Flora Reserve, desktop search undertaken October 2021

Amphibians and reptiles	
Scientific name	Common name
<i>Pseudophryne bibronii</i>	Bibron's Toadlet
<i>Litoria latopal mata</i>	Broad-palmed Frog
<i>Limnodynastes peronii</i>	Brown-striped Frog
<i>Crinia signifera</i>	Common Eastern Froglet
<i>Litoria fallax</i>	Eastern Dwarf Tree Frog
<i>Litoria peronii</i>	Peron's Tree Frog
<i>Uperoleia laevigata</i>	Smooth Toadlet
<i>Limnodynastes tasmaniensis</i>	Spotted Grass Frog
<i>Litoria tyleri</i>	Tyler's Tree Frog
<i>Litoria verreauxii</i>	Verreaux's Frog
<i>Concinnia tenuis</i>	Barred-sided Skink

Amphibians and reptiles	
Scientific name	Common name
<i>Pogona barbata</i>	Bearded Dragon
<i>Dendrelaphis punctulatus</i>	Common Tree Snake
<i>Lampropholis delicata</i>	Dark-flecked Garden Sunskink
<i>Tiliqua scincoides</i>	Eastern Blue-tongue
<i>Pseudonaja textilis</i>	Eastern Brown Snake
<i>Chelodina longicollis</i>	Eastern Snake-necked Turtle
<i>Intelligama lesueurii</i>	Eastern Water Dragon
<i>Cacophis squamulosus</i>	Golden-crowned Snake
<i>Varanus gouldii</i>	Gould's Goanna
<i>Amphibolurus muricatus</i>	Jacky Lizard

Amphibians and reptiles	
Scientific name	Common name
<i>Varanus varius</i>	Lace Monitor
<i>Delma plebeia</i>	Leaden Delma
<i>Caretta caretta</i>	Loggerhead Turtle
<i>Lampropholis guichenoti</i>	Pale-flecked Garden Sunskink
<i>Pseudechis porphyriacus</i>	Red-bellied Black Snake
<i>Furina diadema</i>	Red-naped Snake
<i>Saiphos equalis</i>	Three-toed Skink
<i>Egernia striolata</i>	Tree Skink
<i>Emydura sp.</i>	Unidentified Emydura
<i>Saproscincus mustelinus</i>	Weasel Skink
<i>Diplodactylus vittatus</i>	Wood Gecko

Birds	
Scientific name	Common name
<i>Botaurus poiciloptilus</i>	Australasian Bittern
<i>Sphecotheres vieilloti</i>	Australasian Figbird
<i>Tachybaptus novaehollandiae</i>	Australasian Grebe
<i>Alectura lathami</i>	Australian Brush-turkey
<i>Falco longipennis</i>	Australian Hobby
<i>Alisterus scapularis</i>	Australian King-Parrot
<i>Gymnorhina tibicen</i>	Australian Magpie
<i>Aegotheles cristatus</i>	Australian Owllet-

Birds	
Scientific name	Common name
	nightjar
<i>Pelecanus conspicillatus</i>	Australian Pelican
<i>Anthus novaeseelandiae</i>	Australian Pipit
<i>Corvus coronoides</i>	Australian Raven
<i>Chenonetta jubata</i>	Australian Wood Duck
<i>Cygnus atratus</i>	Black Swan
<i>Coracina novaehollandiae</i>	Black-faced Cuckoo-shrike
<i>Euseyornis melanops</i>	Black-fronted Dotterel
<i>Elanus axillaris</i>	Black-

Birds	
Scientific name	Common name
	shouldered Kite
<i>Entomyzon cyanotis</i>	Blue-faced Honeyeater
<i>Falco berigora</i>	Brown Falcon
<i>Gerygone mouki</i>	Brown Gerygone
<i>Synoicus ypsilophora</i>	Brown Quail
<i>Acanthiza pusilla</i>	Brown Thornbill
<i>Climacteris picumnus victoriae</i>	Brown Treecreeper (eastern subspecies)
<i>Melithreptus</i>	Brown-

Birds	
Scientific name	Common name
<i>brevirostris</i>	headed Honeyeater
<i>Acanthiza reguloides</i>	Buff-rumped Thornbill
<i>Scythrops novaehollandiae</i>	Channel-billed Cuckoo
<i>Edolisoma tenuirostris</i>	Cicadabird
<i>Accipiter cirrocephalus</i>	Collared Sparrowhawk
<i>Phaps chalcoptera</i>	Common Bronzewing
<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>	Common Myna
<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	Common Starling
<i>Ocyphaps lophotes</i>	Crested Pigeon
<i>Platycercus elegans</i>	Crimson Rosella
<i>Eurystomus orientalis</i>	Dollarbird
<i>Stizoptera bichenovii</i>	Double-barred Finch
<i>Gallinula tenebrosa</i>	Dusky Moorhen
<i>Tyto javanica</i>	Eastern Barn Owl
<i>Casmerodius modesta</i>	Eastern Great Egret
<i>Eudynamis orientalis</i>	Eastern Koel
<i>Platycercus eximius</i>	Eastern Rosella
<i>Acanthorhynchus tenuirostris</i>	Eastern Spinebill
<i>Psophodes olivaceus</i>	Eastern Whipbird
<i>Eopsaltria australis</i>	Eastern Yellow Robin
<i>Fulica atra</i>	Eurasian Coot
<i>Petrochelidon ariel</i>	Fairy Martin
<i>Cacomantis flabelliformis</i>	Fan-tailed Cuckoo
<i>Todiramphus macleayii</i>	Forest Kingfisher
<i>Eolophus roseicapilla</i>	Galah
<i>Calyptorhynchus lathamii</i>	Glossy Black-Cockatoo
<i>Pachycephala</i>	Golden

Birds	
Scientific name	Common name
<i>pectoralis</i>	Whistler
<i>Cisticola exilis</i>	Golden-headed Cisticola
<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	Great Cormorant
<i>Cracticus torquatus</i>	Grey Butcherbird
<i>Rhipidura albiscapa</i>	Grey Fantail
<i>Colluricincla harmonica</i>	Grey Shrike-thrush
<i>Anas gracilis</i>	Grey Teal
<i>Pomatostomus temporalis temporalis</i>	Grey-crowned Babbler (eastern subspecies)
<i>Melanodryas cucullata cucullata</i>	Hooded Robin (south-eastern form)
<i>Microeca fascians</i>	Jacky Winter
<i>Dacelo novaeguineae</i>	Laughing Kookaburra
<i>Meliphaga lewinii</i>	Lewin's Honeyeater
<i>Phalacrocorax sulcirostris</i>	Little Black Cormorant
<i>Glossopsitta pusilla</i>	Little Lorikeet
<i>Microcarbo melanoleucos</i>	Little Pied Cormorant
<i>Grallina cyanoleuca</i>	Magpie-lark
<i>Vanellus miles</i>	Masked Lapwing
<i>Tyto novaehollandiae</i>	Masked Owl
<i>Dicaeum hirundinaceum</i>	Mistletoebird
<i>Biziura lobata</i>	Musk Duck
<i>Glossopsitta concinna</i>	Musk Lorikeet
<i>Philemon corniculatus</i>	Noisy Friarbird
<i>Manorina melanocephala</i>	Noisy Miner
<i>Oriolus sagittatus</i>	Olive-backed Oriole
<i>Anas superciliosa</i>	Pacific Black

Birds	
Scientific name	Common name
	Duck
<i>Heteroscenes pallidus</i>	Pallid Cuckoo
<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	Peregrine Falcon
<i>Cracticus nigrogularis</i>	Pied Butcherbird
<i>Strepera graculina</i>	Pied Currawong
<i>Ninox strenua</i>	Powerful Owl
<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>	Purple Swamphen
<i>Merops ornatus</i>	Rainbow Bee-eater
<i>Trichoglossus haematodus</i>	Rainbow Lorikeet
<i>Anthochaera carunculata</i>	Red Wattlebird
<i>Neochmia temporalis</i>	Red-browed Finch
<i>Psephotus haematonotus</i>	Red-rumped Parrot
<i>Anthochaera phrygia</i>	Regent Honeyeater
<i>Petroica rosea</i>	Rose Robin
<i>Platalea regia</i>	Royal Spoonbill
<i>Rhipidura rufifrons</i>	Rufous Fantail
<i>Pachycephala rufiventris</i>	Rufous Whistler
<i>Todiramphus sanctus</i>	Sacred Kingfisher
<i>Ptilonorhynchus violaceus</i>	Satin Bowerbird
<i>Myiagra cyanoleuca</i>	Satin Flycatcher
<i>Myzomela sanguinolenta</i>	Scarlet Honeyeater
<i>Petroica boodang</i>	Scarlet Robin
<i>Chalcites lucidus</i>	Shining Bronze-Cuckoo
<i>Zosterops lateralis</i>	Silvereye
<i>Tyto tenebricosa</i>	Sooty Owl
<i>Ninox novaeseelandiae</i>	Southern Boobook
<i>Chthonicola sagittata</i>	Speckled Warbler
<i>Acanthagenys rufogularis</i>	Spiny-cheeked

Birds	
Scientific name	Common name
	Honeyeater
<i>Pardalotus punctatus</i>	Spotted Pardalote
<i>Cinlosoma punctatum</i>	Spotted Quail-thrush
<i>Threskiornis spinicollis</i>	Straw-necked Ibis
<i>Pardalotus striatus</i>	Striated Pardalote
<i>Acanthiza lineata</i>	Striated Thornbill
<i>Plectorhyncha lanceolata</i>	Striped Honeyeater
<i>Malurus cyaneus</i>	Superb Fairy-wren
<i>Menura novaehollandiae</i>	Superb Lyrebird
<i>Podargus strigoides</i>	Tawny Frogmouth
<i>Phalacrocorax sp.</i>	Unidentified Cormorant
<i>Trichoglossus /Glossopsitta sp.</i>	Unidentified Lorikeet
<i>Daphoenositta</i>	Varied

Birds	
Scientific name	Common name
<i>chrysoptera</i>	Sittella
<i>Aquila audax</i>	Wedge-tailed Eagle
<i>Hirundo neoxena</i>	Welcome Swallow
<i>Gerygone fusca</i>	Western Gerygone
<i>Sericornis frontalis</i>	White-browed Scrubwren
<i>Nesoptilotis leucotis</i>	White-eared Honeyeater
<i>Egretta novaehollandiae</i>	White-faced Heron
<i>Epthianura albifrons</i>	White-fronted Chat
<i>Melithreptus lunatus</i>	White-naped Honeyeater
<i>Ardea pacifica</i>	White-necked Heron
<i>Ptilotula penicillata</i>	White-plumed Honeyeater

Birds	
Scientific name	Common name
<i>Hirundapus caudacutus</i>	White-throated Needletail
<i>Cormobates leucophaea</i>	White-throated Treecreeper
<i>Corcorax melanorhamphos</i>	White-winged Chough
<i>Rhipidura leucophrys</i>	Willie Wagtail
<i>Leucosarcia melanoleuca</i>	Wonga Pigeon
<i>Acanthiza nana</i>	Yellow Thornbill
<i>Caligavis chrysops</i>	Yellow-faced Honeyeater
<i>Acanthiza chrysorrhoa</i>	Yellow-rumped Thornbill
<i>Zanda funereus</i>	Yellow-tailed Black-Cockatoo

Mammals	
Scientific name	Common name
<i>Vombatus ursinus</i>	Bare-nosed Wombat
<i>Rattus rattus</i>	Black Rat
<i>Antechinus stuartii</i>	Brown Antechinus
<i>Trichosurus sp.</i>	brushtail possum
<i>Petrogale penicillata</i>	Brush-tailed Rock-wallaby
<i>Rattus fuscipes</i>	Bush Rat
<i>Felis catus</i>	Cat
<i>Chalinolobus morio</i>	Chocolate Wattleed Bat
<i>Trichosurus vulpecula</i>	Common Brushtail Possum
<i>Sminthopsis murina</i>	Common Dunnart
<i>Pseudocheirus peregrinus</i>	Common Ringtail Possum

Mammals	
Scientific name	Common name
<i>Canis lupus dingo</i>	Dingo
<i>Canis lupus</i>	Dingo, domestic dog
<i>Scotorepens orion</i>	Eastern Broad-nosed Bat
<i>Vespadelus trougtoni</i>	Eastern Cave Bat
<i>Micronomus norfolkensis</i>	Eastern Coastal Free-tailed Bat
<i>Vespadelus pumilus</i>	Eastern Forest Bat
<i>Ozimops ridei</i>	Eastern Free-tailed Bat
<i>Macropus giganteus</i>	Eastern Grey Kangaroo
<i>Rhinolophus megaphyllus</i>	Eastern Horseshoe-

Mammals	
Scientific name	Common name
	bat
<i>Acrobates pygmaeus</i>	Feathertail Glider
<i>Pteropus sp.</i>	Flying-fox
<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>	Fox
<i>Nyctophilus gouldi</i>	Gould's Long-eared Bat
<i>Chalinolobus gouldii</i>	Gould's Wattleed Bat
<i>Scoteanax rueppellii</i>	Greater Broad-nosed Bat
<i>Pteropus poliocephalus</i>	Grey-headed Flying-fox
<i>Mus musculus</i>	House Mouse
<i>Scotorepens balstoni</i>	Inland Broad-nosed Bat
<i>Macropus sp.</i>	kangaroo / wallaby

Mammals	
Scientific name	Common name
<i>Phascolarctos cinereus</i>	Koala
<i>Miniopterus orianae oceanensis</i>	Large Bent-winged Bat
<i>Vespadelus darlingtoni</i>	Large Forest Bat
<i>Chalinolobus dwyeri</i>	Large-eared Pied Bat
<i>Nyctophilus geoffroyi</i>	Lesser Long-eared Bat
<i>Miniopterus australis</i>	Little Bent-winged Bat
<i>Vespadelus vulturinus</i>	Little Forest Bat
<i>Mormopterus planiceps</i>	Little Mastiff-bat
<i>Pteropus scapulatus</i>	Little Red Flying-fox
<i>Nyctophilus sp.</i>	long-eared bat
<i>Perameles nasuta</i>	Long-nosed Bandicoot

Mammals	
Scientific name	Common name
<i>Pseudomys novaehollandiae</i>	New Holland Mouse
<i>Sus scrofa</i>	Pig
<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>	Rabbit
<i>Notamacropus rufogriseus</i>	Red-necked Wallaby
<i>Ovis aries</i>	Sheep (feral)
<i>Tachyglossus aculeatus</i>	Short-beaked Echidna
<i>Myotis macropus</i>	Southern Myotis
<i>Dasyurus maculatus</i>	Spotted-tailed Quoll
<i>Petaurus norfolcensis</i>	Squirrel Glider
<i>Petaurus breviceps</i>	Sugar Glider
<i>Wallabia bicolor</i>	Swamp Wallaby
<i>Cervus sp.</i>	Unidentified

Mammals	
Scientific name	Common name
	Deer
<i>Vespadelus sp.</i>	Unidentified Eptesicus
<i>Macropod sp.</i>	unidentified macropod
<i>Austronomus australis</i>	White-striped Freetail-bat
<i>Petaurus australis</i>	Yellow-bellied Glider
<i>Saccolaimus flaviventris</i>	Yellow-bellied Sheathtail-bat
<i>Antechinus flavipes</i>	Yellow-footed Antechinus
<i>Lepus capensis occidentalis</i>	

APPENDIX 5 – APPROVAL AND AMENDMENTS FROM PREVIOUS VERSION

In line with section 25 of the *Forestry Act 2012*, flora reserve working plans and any amendments must be approved by the Minister. This plan forms part of the working plans for each of the individual flora reserves listed in section 6.

This plan was approved by The Hon. Tara Moriarty MLC, Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Regional New South Wales and Minister for Western New South Wales

Date of approval: 6/9/23

Version	Changes	Approval details
2.0	<ul style="list-style-type: none">» Reference to the <i>Flora Reserve Plan: Background and General Management</i>» Formatting updated» Change	<ul style="list-style-type: none">» The Hon. Tara Moriarty MLC, Minister for Agriculture, Minister for Regional New South Wales and Minister for Western New South Wales, 6/9/23